

their hard toil of bringing up their children under conditions of ruin and starvation. We must make special efforts to break these dark forces by a most strenuous effort to draw the peasant women into the struggle side by side with the men peasants, against the semi-feudal forms of oppression prevailing in the village, against the burden of taxation, struggle for land, etc. In connection with this we must struggle against all forms of special social and political oppression of the Indian women.

We must raise the partial demands for the working women such as: EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK FOR WOMEN WORKERS; full maintenance for women workers one month before and after childbirth, at the expense of the government and the employers; the demand not to put women workers in dangerous and unhealthy occupations while they feed their babies, must also be raised; abolition of all sorts of discrimination against the toiling women. These demands are to be further elaborated in accordance with the specific conditions in every locality (organization of free ~~cheches~~ and nursery schools, setting aside rooms for nursing mothers, food for babies, free milk for the children, etc.). We must also raise the demand for the immediate payment of back salaries to school teachers. All these demands must not be separated from the general partial demands of the workers, but on the contrary, they are to be part of them. In the course of our agitation for these demands we must aim to mobilize the working women in the shops, factories, mills and plantations in special committees for their participation in the mass meetings and demonstrations on March 8th.

B. We must also strive to mobilize the workers' wives to fight for the demands of the working women employed in industry and on the plantations, together with their special demands against the high cost of living, high food prices, etc., which they feel most.

C. We must concentrate special attention to the agitation and mobilization of the proletarian women in the struggles against unemployment, raising the special demands in every unemployed committee, such as; struggle against the high cost of living; equal insurance of unemployed men and women; protection of motherhood at the expense of the employers and the state; maintenance of school children at the expense of the government and the employers; etc. We must secure the greatest participation of the unemployed working women in the unemployed committees and councils, and in turn, these unemployed committees must be agitated and mobilized for their participation in the demonstrations and mass meetings on March 8th.

D. One of the outstanding points of our agitation must be the popularization of the achievements of the Soviet Union in the betterment of the conditions of the working women. In contrast to the growing wage cuts, mass unemployment and general offensive of the bourgeois-imperialist exploiters in the capitalist and colonial countries, the working women in the Soviet Union received EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK; the mother is paid full wages eight weeks before and after birth; women are provided with unemployment insurance in case of unemployment, and all the benefits that the new society can offer the working class. The achievements of the 5-year plan of Socialist construction in the Soviet Union are accompanied by an enormous increase in women workers in the trade unions, in the Soviets, in all fields of economic, political and cultural development. The 5 Year Plan has tremendously increased the construction of new dining rooms, laundries, nurseries, kindergartens, etc. In pointing out this contrast, show the class character of these changes which have taken place in the Soviet Union, that is, the working class is the master of the country and that only through the revolution of the workers and peasants, and under a workers and peasants government, will we be able to liquidate the age long sufferings of the working masses in general, and of the proletarian women in particular.

E. Intimately linked up with the agitation for the specific demands of working class women, we must widely extend our agitation against imperialist war. We must point out to the broad masses of the working women, the feverish preparations of the imperialists for a war in which the working women will also be mobilized and put on a war footing. The imperialist robbers who oppress and exploit the millions of workers and peasants in the colonies, are now engaged in a war in Manchuria for the

The Parties must carefully formulate the special demands for the wives of the soldiers whose means of livelihood are reduced to destitution.