"Farewell!" to the Socialist Party! An Appeal to Its Remaining Members!

STATEMENT BY THE COMMITTEE FOR THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY TO THE MEM-BERS OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY

OMRADES:—For three years a constant struggle has been carried on within the Socialist Party to secure an adaptation of its principles, policies and program to the new conditions growing out of the world war and the Russian Revolution.

In three national conventions, at Chicago, 1919, New York, 1920, and at Detroit, 1921, as well as between conventions, the fight has been kept up, to place the Socialist Party in the front rank of the international labor movement, in the vanguard of the world struggle for Socialism.

The last National Convention of the Socialist Party at Detroit, in June, definitely displaced the party as a force working for Socialism, definitely aligned it with those elements in the labor movement that refuse to profit by the experiences of the world-war and the years of the imperialist "peace" which followed it. It threw overboard the rich lessons of the establishment of the first great Workers' Republic, of its years of heroic and successful struggles against a world-wide alliance of the forces of imperialism and treacherous would-be Socialism. The Socialist Party has thus become a hindrance rather than an aid to working class progress.

The Committee for the Third

The Committee for the Third International within the Socialist Party was organized for the explicit purpose of bringing about the party's joining the Third International on the basis of the announced "21 Points." Yet the Committee did not at all assume that its task to arrest the actual process of disintegration of the party" would be solved by merely having the party accept the 21 conditions of application. In fact, the Committee did not pretend to accept all and every opinion expressed by the Third on conditions in and tactics to be applied to the United States. It merely held:

"That all discussion as to the applicability in the United States at the present time of one or the other point of tactics as proposed by the Third International, should be carried on with the International, not outside of it."

The issue at stake was not merely an affiliation with the Third. Principles and tactics of outstanding importance were involved. The issue of international affiliation was but the clarion-call, the Third International standing out as the symbol and the incarnation of a world party of aggressive Socialist action. The inevitability of the reorganization of the party and its adaptation to new conditions was pointed to, lest it voluntarily sign its own death warrant, and acquiesce in its own burial.

The Recent Past

With the issue of affiliation with the Third International the committee set out to work, sparing no

effort and missing no opportunity to carry its point it to be of no concern to the party, considering it invocacy of affiliation with the Third. An animate order. discussion of all the principles and tactics involved. Prompted seemingly by the same yearning for held up as the big subject for discussion.

attacks upon the advocates of the Third. Speaking investigate—it is so young and inexperienced. the minds of the party officialdom, the National Secre , And yet the convention managed to overreach itself either for the Communist International or for the De the Hoan proposition for immediate fusion. The ests of American capitalism."

The Detroit Convention

At the Convention the leaders strategically retreated from the position of doubtful vantage that the adop opinion. tion of this resolution would have given them. The made it clear, however, that the "expulsion motion a would be enforced locally, the prevalent state and Undoubtedly the Detroit Convention did not present not to stress too strongly.

called Second International. Even that body o counter-revolutionary and bourgeois-government Sc cialists is too revolutionary for the Detroit majority of the Socialist Party.

The Detroit Convention sounded the death knell o survival, a reproach to its own past. Even the officia nomination for the Presidency: party press could no longer hide its bankruptcy, and proceeded to boast of their shame.

The Call, the New York party daily, summed up a the work of the Detroit Convention as a "return to normalcy." The paper discovered that "the Conven tion made progress and that it demonstrated mor unity of opinion and policy than any gathering sinc the war swept over the world"....

That unity of opinion had been gloriously demon strated in the action on the question of the Dictator ship of the Proletariat, where, according to the off cial party and publicity manager, "the convention wa so h . . . bent on taking no stand at all, that it tool no action on a motion committing the party to a stan that says that it takes no stand."

On the question of proletarian dictatorship th Convention turned down all five motions placed befor it. The resolutions favoring it, against it, proclaimin t

during the months of agitation prior to the Detroi opportune, and providing for no stand on the prin-Convention. But it did not confine itself to mere al tiple, were all defeated in monotonous and systematic

was forced to the fore. The spirit of the Third wa "unity" the Convention tabled the resolution dealing with "immediate demands," sabotage, political action, Of course the party leaders did not welcome ou direct action, etc. And what was not tabled went to activity. They met the Committee with animosity the next Convention, when "study reports" and sur-The Party chiefs, who on numerous occasions claimed veys will be submitted. Thus went for study the to be desirous of the party's affiliation with the Thire question of party organization, propaganda and the International were particularly venomous in thei party daily press. The party still wants to study and

tary placed on the agenda of the Detroit convention by adopting the Hillquit motion, which opens the way the infamous resolution which proposed to expe for fusion and political trading with all the highest every member favoring affiliation as one "who work bidders in the field of political radicalism. There was partment of Justice and in either case—in the inter Hillquit motion was to investigate the possibilities of

> No wonder that "this Convention demonstrated more unity of opinion than any before it." Unity of opinion should be easily attained where no opinion exists, and this was notoriously a convention of no

The Background of Detroit.

local autonomy giving the local chieftains the righ a totally new and radical change of attitude in our to do what the national leaders thought wise polic party. The Detroit actions were largely foreshadowed by the National Convention of 1920. It was that The Convention, reduced to 35 delegates, most of convention that marked the retreat of the party from whom were national office appointees and retainer its advanced position in the world of labor and Sovoted 31 to 4 against unconditional affiliation with the kialism. The 1920 Convention yielded to the demands Third. By this act the Socialist Party read itself ou of the membership and nominated for the U.S. Preof the fold of the international revolutionary working sidency our noble martyr Eugene V. Debs and simulclass movement. The Convention decisions of taneously forced on the party and its revolutionary other matters of principle and tactics were reaction candidate a reactionary national platform. The cryary enough to make the party unfit to join the so ing shame of that convention followed upon the heels of the Albany ouster proceedings where the party defence proclaimed obedience to bourgeois legality to be the cardinal virtue of a revolutionary movement and respectability its reward. It was the work of the New York Convention that forced Comrade Debs to the Socialist Party. It lives today only as a painfu say to the party committee which tendered him the

> "I must be perfectly frank with you. I have read the platform and I wish I might say that it had my unqualified approval. . . . It could have been made more effective if it had stressed the class struggle more prominently and if more emphasis had been laid on industrial organization"

And he added the very significant words of grave

"I have always been a radical, never more so than now. I have never feared becoming too radical. I do fear becoming too conservative. We must guard against any policy or attitude of fear to state our position clearly.

"Socialist platforms are not made to catch votes. Our purpose should be to state principles of the party clearly to the people. THERE IS A TENDENCY IN THE PARTY TO BE-

COME A PARTY OF POLITICIANS IN-STEAD OF A PARTY OF THE WORK-ERS. THAT POLICY MUST BE CHECK-ED, NOT ENCOURAGED."

The policy or tendency in the party to become a party "of politicians instead of a party of the workers" was not checked. The party went the full length of it, until it is no more a tendency. It is an accomplished fact.

Political compromise and abandonment of the Socialist faith did not save the party from thorough collapse. With a doubled electorate the party ticket equalled only its vote in 1912. The organization once 120,000 strong came to the New York Convention with 38,000 and to Detroit with 17,000 members. The accelerated withdrawal of groups and individual members since Detroit, which has still further reduced its numbers, is a testimonial to the party leaders for their achievements at the convention.

The Task Ahead

Our agitation in the party has aroused a great many members. It bore all the fruit it could. There is no further need for influencing the remaining members in the party thru working from within. There is no longer the danger of leaving the membership in the custody of a leadership that either leads it nowhere or in the wrong direction. The truly Socialist elements in the party are rushing out of it, disgusted, disheartened. They lack, however, a constructive plan of action. Merely leaving the party to those who approve of its reformist policies and tactics is insufficient. We must organize to get out and get out to organize.

This is why we say to all the true Socialists in the Socialist Party:

The Committee for the Third International sees no further reason for staying in the Socialist Party. It believes the Socialist Party has completely and beyond recovery outlived its usefulness as an agency for propaganda, and an instrument for the realization of Socialism.

We prophecy the early demise of the Socialist Party and call upon all those who read the future as we do, to get ready to quit the ship that no longer sails the flag of working class Socialism.

But then the next step must follow. A new home for constructive revolutionary Socialism must be built. Another political party of the working class must be established with the passing of the Socialist Party. It must be alive to the problems of the revolutionary age, as well as imbued with the keen sense of reality without which a working class party will be built on "a rope of sand." To the fulfillment of this task we call all of you, comrades, in and out of the Socialist Party. To the work along these lines we pledge our own energies, loyalty and service.

Comrades: Organize for the purpose of getting in touch with us and prepare for a conference, which will be called in the near future and where definite plans will be worked out and the foundation laid

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