

# Mooney Wages New Battle To Gain Liberty

### State Assembly Passes Resolution For A Full Pardon

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Tom Mooney, America's most famous class war prisoner, last Thursday faced the California State Assembly, the law-making body of the State that has kept him behind prison bars for 21 years, and told the legislators once more that he was the victim of a frame-up.

"The only crime I am guilty of," declared Mooney, "is attempting to organize the 2,200 employees of the United Railroads in San Francisco."

The State Assembly, after two days of debate, early Saturday passed a resolution introduced by Assemblyman Paul Richie, designed to grant Mooney, convicted with Warren K. Billings, of the Preparedness Day bombing in 1916, a "full and complete pardon." Acting the same day, the State Senate killed the measure by an almost unanimous vote.

### Merriam Has Pardon Power

The "pardon," without legal status even if passed, was introduced by liberal legislators in an effort to put pressure on Governor Merriam, in whose hands rests the only bona-fide power of pardon. In connection with this plan, Mooney was brought from San Quentin penitentiary on a subpoena issued by the State Assembly.

Mooney, old and gray from years in prison, yet erect and fearless, spoke for several hours to the crowded Assembly and galleries packed with his supporters. He outlined in detail his part, as a well-known labor organizer, in the strikes prior to the 1916 bombing.

"I was in bad repute with most of the labor leaders in San Francisco," Mooney stated, explaining that the old line labor fakers were opposed to the militant struggles that the workers in the West were conducting at that time.

### Mistrusts Courts

Mooney, whose defense in the past has been led by the most militant sections of the working-class, told the legislators that his case had been a "political football," and declared his distrust of the various court actions, that have consistently failed to obtain his freedom.

To most of the legislators the Mooney-story was not a new one. In California and throughout the nation it has long been established that Mooney and Billings are absolutely innocent; that their conviction was obtained on a vicious and thoroughly exposed conspiracy between the union-baiting industrialists of California and the San Francisco courts and police.

### Goff Demurs Alone

At the time of Mooney's appearance not one of the assemblymen attempted to portray Mooney as guilty. The next day Captain Charles Goff, San Francisco policeman and one of the last survivors of the frame-up gang, appeared to deny Mooney's charges.

"You can take your choice between Mooney and me," he said.

The long history of the Mooney frame-up has been a continual revelation to the working class of the travesty on justice as practiced by the capitalist courts. Despite a mass of incontrovertible evidence showing the innocence of the two men, Mooney and Billings remain in prison. Only the might of the organized workers can force open the prison gates and free them.

# St. Louis Unionists Spike Fake 'Unemployment' Plan

ST. LOUIS.—A novel plan to supply St. Louis employers with docile labor from the ranks of the unemployed came to nothing when alert trade unionists exposed the "company union" features of the proposed Co-operative Employment Council.

At a public meeting held in the Public Library the sponsors of the Council, a Mr. Chestley and a Mr. Gill, explained how the principle of "no jobs for women whose husbands are working, and only one job to a family" would create vacancies for the unemployed. Then the Council, run by aid for the unemployed, would fill the jobs.

So appealing to the businessmen of St. Louis did this plan appear that they volunteered to supply Mr. Chestley and Mr. Gill with the necessary funds to get the Council going. Members

### Fights On



TOM MOONEY

# Labor Leaders Offer Backing For Fred Beal

### AFL Head Aids Defense; Dubinsky, Others Join Up

The voice of organized labor was heard last week in defense of Fred E. Beal, leader of the 1929 textile strike in Gastonia, North Carolina, who is serving a 20-year prison sentence on a frame-up charge.

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, in a letter to the Non-Partisan Committee for the Defense of Fred E. Beal, made public last week, declared in effect that Beal was a victim of frame-up and said: "The ends of simple justice, in my opinion, will be fully served if Mr. Beal is rendered a plaintiff by the Governor of North Carolina."

### Dubinsky Speaks Out

David Dubinsky, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union and a prominent C. I. O. leader, wrote the committee: "Fred Beal was railroaded to prison because he led a strike. The least that American labor can do is to unite behind the effort to obtain his speedy release. Naturally I join heartily in that effort."

The Communist Party and its International Labor Defense organization have deserted Beal in his hour of need because he has become an opponent of the Stalin murder regime. Going even further, they are working might and main to destroy the efforts being made to bring about Beal's release. All this notwithstanding their admission that Beal is a victim of frame-up and the fact that in 1929 he was a Communist working under the direction of the Communist Party.

### More Join

But the campaign in Beal's behalf is acquiring added force. Latest among those to join the Non-Partisan Committee are Morris Ernst, Charles Yale Harrison, Rev. Frank Olmstead, Max Eastman, Charles R. Walker, Quincy Howe, Dr. Alvin Johnson, Ferdinand Lundberg, Prof. John L. Childs, August Claessens, Prof. George W. Hartman, Prof. A. A. Friedtrich.

Endorsement of the committee's work has been announced by the national executive committee of the Social Democratic Federation at its recent session in Washington.

# CLEAR RASMUSSEN OF FAKE CHARGES

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Paul A. Rasmussen, former field representative of the C.I.O. in Minnesota and a well-known member of the Socialist Workers Party, has been completely exonerated on all charges brought against him five months ago by James Porter acting for the state council of the C.I.O. and for the Stalinist slander machine.

The charges preferred by Porter alleged that Rasmussen, with an honorable record of militant struggle in the ranks of the workers' movement, was a spy and a disrupter in the United Packing-house Workers, C.I.O. affiliate, of which he was a member.

The executive board of Local 62 of this union, after sifting all the "evidence" against Rasmussen and hearing his defense, decided unanimously "that we find Brother Rasmussen not guilty of the charges brought against him by the State C.I.O. Council through James Porter." The board further unanimously resolved "that we will, as workers and union members, do everything in our power to restore to him his union membership, his good name and standing in the industrial union movement."

# 1,000 PAINTERS FIGHT MACHINE RULE IN UNION

### Hold Mass Meeting To Denounce Weinstock Leadership

NEW YORK.—Over 1,000 union painters, members of locals under the jurisdiction of District Council No. 9, met last Saturday at the Central Oper House to protest the ruthless dictatorship of the Stalinist machine entrenched in the New York District of the Painters Union.

The meeting, called under the auspices of the Inter-Local Painters League, a loose federation of opposition groups representing various shades of opinion, marked the first mass action against the ruinous policies of Louis Weinstock, secretary-treasurer of D.C. 9, and chief Stalinist tool in the union.

### Weinstock Pilloried

Weinstock, elected on a program of economy and trade union democracy, was charged by speakers with wasting the union funds, favoritism and discrimination in placing men on painting jobs, and open neglect in protecting the conditions of union men on the job.

Speakers urged members to attend their local meetings and take back control of their own union. They charged that Weinstock had flooded the union with new members, but had done nothing to get new jobs to employ these men, thus only adding to the already crowded list of unemployed members.

### William Kitt, member of Local 51, addressed the meeting as representative of the Painters Educational Society, a group of militant and class conscious progressives. Making clear that he was only invited to represent the group to which he belonged, Kitt advocated a conscious program to build a fighting, progressive and democratic union.

### Fight Called For

"The housing blis," said Kitt, "which should furnish jobs for many of us, are, at the same time, to be used in an attempt to cut our wage scale. We must rally all members of the Painters Union for a real fight by all the building trades unions. We must clean house in the Painters Union to make that fight possible."

Kitt urged the adoption of the secret ballot, a measure now being voted on in a referendum throughout the locals. Progressives were forced to advocate the secret ballot because of the intimidation and coercion practiced by the Stalinist officials. Any member who dares to vote against the Communist Party machine is likely to find it difficult to get a job working at his trade.

In a leaflet circulated by the Communist Party fraction, any one voting for the secret ballot was charged with being a stooge for the employers. Nevertheless, Local 1011 passed the amendment, and in Local 261 the Stalinists were forced to break up the meeting in order to prevent the chairman from declaring the passage of the amendment. The "employers' paid stooges" had a clear majority.

### Police Terror Rages

The right of the workers to picket has been denied. Police have beaten, clubbed and kicked workers, both men and women. A 66-year-old man was knocked down at the city jail and kicked by a policeman. On one occasion, the police lined up the strikers, men, women and children—including mothers with babies in arms—and without warning shot tear gas into their midst.

Over 700 arrests have been made. Scores of strikers have been kept in jail for days without charges. As many as 10 and 12 strikers have been crowded into cells built to accommodate not more than four prisoners. Police have threatened to set up concentration camps for the strikers if picketing continues.

The police terror has failed to intimidate the cruelly exploited workers, but funds are needed urgently for feeding and other relief. Donations should be rushed to J. Austin Beasley, secretary-treasurer of the Pecan Workers' Emergency Relief Committee, Box 1861, San Antonio, Texas. Beasley is international organizer for the United Cannery, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America and is in charge of the San Antonio strike.

### SUBSCRIBE NOW TO THE SOCIALIST APPEAL

116 University Place  
New York City

# S.W.P. Candidate Polls Healthy Vote In St. Paul

### Stalinists Are Slapped By Farmer-Labor Politicians

BY CARL O'SHEA

ST. PAUL, Minn.—The Socialist Workers Party in St. Paul polled 559 votes in the primaries for its mayoralty candidate, Jules Geller. Ten thousand S.W.P. manifestoes were distributed on behalf of the revolutionary candidate, calling for support of the S.W.P. and the Fourth International.

The entire slate of Labor-Progressive (Farmer-Labor) candidates were nominated. The S.W.P. had given critical support to the five councilman candidates of the Farmer-Labor Party.

### C. P. Gets Slapped

The Communist Party, running Leon Cuthill for the sixth councilman post, polled only 1,968 votes, despite the fact that Cuthill advertised himself as a member of the Parent-Teachers' Association, and one whose granddaddy fought in the Civil War. The C.P. gave unstinting endorsement to the F.L.P. ticket.

The pay-off came the day after election when the Labor-Progressive campaign manager issued the following statement: "It has come to my attention that the Communist Party representatives in Ramsey county covered the city during the closing hours of the primary campaign with both pamphlets and handbills urging the voters to support the Labor-Progressive ticket and to vote for the Communist candidate for city council...."

### Nothing New

"There is really nothing new in this political trick, but its recurrence every two years has

# Goodrich Locals Prepare To Oppose Wage Slashes

AKRON.—With the full implications of the rubber barons' drive against the United Rubber Workers becoming clearer every day, Goodrich local here is holding division meetings daily this coming week in preparation for voting down a company-proposed program of wage slashes and hour increases on March 20. The week will culminate with an outdoor mass demonstration in which all Akron labor—employed, unemployed, C.I.O., A.F. of L.—will participate on Saturday.

Leading the employers in their anti-labor drive is the Goodrich Co., ably assisted by the Greater Akron Association with a constant

barrage of weasel-worded newspaper advertisements. Goodrich, pleading the loss of its competitive position within the rubber industry, boldly states that the union must accept a wage reduction from an average of \$1.00 to \$1.15 per hour to 90-95 cents an hour for men, for women a drop from 70-75 cents to 60-65 cents per hour. Furthermore, hours must be more "flexible," that is, stretched up to 40 from 36.

### Threaten to Decentralize

Threatening to speed up decentralization plans by investing \$1,500,000 outside of Akron if the ultimatum is not accepted by the union, Goodrich hopes to intimidate the largest and strongest local union in the U.R.W.A. If labor gives in, Goodrich "promises" a written contract, no decentralization for six months, and saving the jobs of 5,000 rubber workers.

Hinging on the outcome of the Goodrich situation depend the living standards of the workers in all the other rubber plants for the bosses hope to continue a wage-slashing program nationally on the basis of the Goodrich workers' defeat. Thereupon they would launch themselves again into another of the bitter intra-industry price cutting wars that have been so characteristic of the industry in the past.

Acceptance of the wage cut in the Akron rubber plants would be the signal for similar moves in other major industries, and C.I.O. leaders realize this. Company officials privately admit that Akron was chosen as the battleground on which to smash the C.I.O.

### Police Terror Rages

The right of the workers to picket has been denied. Police have beaten, clubbed and kicked workers, both men and women. A 66-year-old man was knocked down at the city jail and kicked by a policeman. On one occasion, the police lined up the strikers, men, women and children—including mothers with babies in arms—and without warning shot tear gas into their midst.

Over 700 arrests have been made. Scores of strikers have been kept in jail for days without charges. As many as 10 and 12 strikers have been crowded into cells built to accommodate not more than four prisoners. Police have threatened to set up concentration camps for the strikers if picketing continues.

The police terror has failed to intimidate the cruelly exploited workers, but funds are needed urgently for feeding and other relief. Donations should be rushed to J. Austin Beasley, secretary-treasurer of the Pecan Workers' Emergency Relief Committee, Box 1861, San Antonio, Texas. Beasley is international organizer for the United Cannery, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America and is in charge of the San Antonio strike.

### SUBSCRIBE NOW TO THE SOCIALIST APPEAL

116 University Place  
New York City

# Candidate



JULES GELLER

become nauseating.... There is no way that we can combat these trouble makers other than to repudiate them publicly and to point out their tricks as they occur. It is not possible to embarrass them. It is not possible to shame them, for they have neither a sense of shame nor an understanding of political decency.... All we can hope to do is to inform the public that there has never been a recognition of the Communist Party by us; that we do not want their support, and that we have nothing in common with them."

Comment: (1) The F.L.P. shrewdly waited until after the primaries to issue its blast against the C.P. (2) It is a cosmic jest that the C.P. despite its degeneracy and grovelling before anyone whom it can even make look like a liberal, gets a boot in the rear from the very people it is most ardently wooing.

# Goodrich Locals Prepare To Oppose Wage Slashes

AKRON.—With the full implications of the rubber barons' drive against the United Rubber Workers becoming clearer every day, Goodrich local here is holding division meetings daily this coming week in preparation for voting down a company-proposed program of wage slashes and hour increases on March 20. The week will culminate with an outdoor mass demonstration in which all Akron labor—employed, unemployed, C.I.O., A.F. of L.—will participate on Saturday.

Leading the employers in their anti-labor drive is the Goodrich Co., ably assisted by the Greater Akron Association with a constant

barrage of weasel-worded newspaper advertisements. Goodrich, pleading the loss of its competitive position within the rubber industry, boldly states that the union must accept a wage reduction from an average of \$1.00 to \$1.15 per hour to 90-95 cents an hour for men, for women a drop from 70-75 cents to 60-65 cents per hour. Furthermore, hours must be more "flexible," that is, stretched up to 40 from 36.

### Threaten to Decentralize

Threatening to speed up decentralization plans by investing \$1,500,000 outside of Akron if the ultimatum is not accepted by the union, Goodrich hopes to intimidate the largest and strongest local union in the U.R.W.A. If labor gives in, Goodrich "promises" a written contract, no decentralization for six months, and saving the jobs of 5,000 rubber workers.

Hinging on the outcome of the Goodrich situation depend the living standards of the workers in all the other rubber plants for the bosses hope to continue a wage-slashing program nationally on the basis of the Goodrich workers' defeat. Thereupon they would launch themselves again into another of the bitter intra-industry price cutting wars that have been so characteristic of the industry in the past.

Acceptance of the wage cut in the Akron rubber plants would be the signal for similar moves in other major industries, and C.I.O. leaders realize this. Company officials privately admit that Akron was chosen as the battleground on which to smash the C.I.O.

### Police Terror Rages

The right of the workers to picket has been denied. Police have beaten, clubbed and kicked workers, both men and women. A 66-year-old man was knocked down at the city jail and kicked by a policeman. On one occasion, the police lined up the strikers, men, women and children—including mothers with babies in arms—and without warning shot tear gas into their midst.

Over 700 arrests have been made. Scores of strikers have been kept in jail for days without charges. As many as 10 and 12 strikers have been crowded into cells built to accommodate not more than four prisoners. Police have threatened to set up concentration camps for the strikers if picketing continues.

The police terror has failed to intimidate the cruelly exploited workers, but funds are needed urgently for feeding and other relief. Donations should be rushed to J. Austin Beasley, secretary-treasurer of the Pecan Workers' Emergency Relief Committee, Box 1861, San Antonio, Texas. Beasley is international organizer for the United Cannery, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America and is in charge of the San Antonio strike.

### SUBSCRIBE NOW TO THE SOCIALIST APPEAL

116 University Place  
New York City

# NEW SWP MARITIME PAPER IS ISSUED

SAN FRANCISCO.—Presenting the views of revolutionists within the maritime unions, Maritime Truth, official organ of the Maritime section of the Socialist Workers Party, made its initial appearance on the waterfront here recently.

The feature article of the first issue outlined a five-point program for building national unionism and to assure an aggressive struggle against the ship-owners. It called upon all genuinely militant, progressive and class conscious maritime workers to unite for such a campaign.

Pertinent articles on the war in the Far East, the menace of the proposed government mediation and other problems confronting the maritime worker round out the neatly mimeographed little magazine. Regular publication is planned and subscriptions for 25 copies during the year may be obtained for one dollar.

Communications should be addressed to 310 Clay Street, Room 11, San Francisco, Calif.

# LIFT CHARTERS FROM FOUR WAA LOCALS IN PA.

### Stalinists Force Split In Allentown; League Takes Lead

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—After trying unsuccessfully to force four locals of the Allentown Workers Alliance into the Stalinist-controlled Central Branch, the State Committee of the Pennsylvania Workers Alliance (also controlled by the Stalinists) removed their charters.

The four locals in question—the 9th, 10th, 12th and 13th Ward Branches—were under the leadership of Socialist Workers Party members and progressives in sympathy with their policies. The official reason given for lifting the charters was that their refusal to enter the Central Branch violated the State constitution of the Alliance, but the action came only after the progressives had demanded militant class-struggle action from the State Committee.

### Aimed At Militants

It was obviously a move to drive the "Trotskyites" out of the Alliance. At the last State Convention, the Allentown Stalinists had insisted on the necessity of forcing these locals into the one they controlled in order to destroy the influence of the Trotskyists.

The expelled locals immediately called a city-wide convention and set up a functioning organization, the Lehigh County Unemployed League, with an aggressive class-struggle program similar to that of the Allentown Unemployed Leagues before their merger with the Workers Alliance in 1936. Resolutions were passed against the Roosevelt war program and imperialist wars, and embodying demands for all war funds for the unemployed, for union wages on the housing project that is being initiated, for opening of the mines under workers' control, and the like.

### Unemployed Benefit

The break in the unity of the Allentown unemployed, for which the Stalinists have only their own splitting tactics to blame, is to be regretted, but the unemployed have already profited by the vigorous action of the new Unemployed League freed from the do-nothing, class-collaboration policies of the Pennsylvania Alliance.

In the short period since the City Convention, the League has already accomplished more than in the entire previous year within the Alliance. It has succeeded in getting the W.P.A. sewing project employing 270 women, which was recently shut down, re-opened, and is carrying on an aggressive campaign for a real housing project. The membership of the League is growing, and the Allentown politicians are again on the spot.

### What's in the Next War?

Mar. 27: P.E.J. MORROW, "Is American Empire for Revolution?" Sundays, 3 P.M., Socialist Workers Party Hall, 669 Second Ave., North, Astoria, Ore., 6:30 P.M.

### BOSTON

PUBLIC FORUM, SUNDAYS, at 3 P.M., Workers Center, 16 La Grange Street.  
Mar. 27: ANTONETTE KONIKOW, "Is Stalinism Practiced?"

### NEW YORK

MUSICAL EXTRAORDINAIRE! Washington Heights Branch and City College YPSL auspices, Sat., Mar. 19, at 1723 Amsterdam Ave., 445 St.—Room 3, Admission 25 cents.

### WANT ADS

WANTED: OFFICE FURNITURE for the SOCIALIST APPEAL—Desk, Shelves, Typewriter, tables, Filing Cabinets. Address Socialist Appeal, 116 University Pl., N.Y.C.

# 'New Republic' Evades Challenge By Cannon

### Fails To Name Alleged Provocateurs In S. W. P. Banks

In the February 23 issue of the New Republic, T. R. B., the journal's Washington correspondent, charged that a new attempt to deport Harry Bridges, leader of the West Coast longshoremen, was being based on affidavits made by "Stalinists who have turned Trotskyist."

In a letter to Bruce Bliven, editor of the New Republic, which appeared in the March 5 issue of the Socialist Appeal, James P. Cannon, national secretary of the Socialist Workers Party, challenged the journal to reveal the names of these alleged Trotskyists. Replying in a letter dated Feb. 24, Bliven said "we have every reason to believe that the statements made by T.R.B., our Washington correspondent, are true. Naturally, we cannot reveal the source of confidential information."

Following is the text of Cannon's rejoinder, dated March 9, 1938:

Mr. Bruce Bliven, Editor, The New Republic.

I received your letter of February 24 after an absence from the city. I did not ask you to reveal the source of any confidential information. I asked you to give the names of those Trotskyists who are alleged to have furnished affidavits to aid the deportation of Harry Bridges. Do you have such names? If so, let us have them please.

I assure you that we are deeply interested in this question and we intend to follow it up to the end. If some provocateurs have penetrated our organization, we want to know who they are so that we can get rid of them. You have made the accusation. We want you to tell us who they are. I haven't the slightest doubt that you will fail to make good on this second challenge. Your contemptible slander in your issue of February 23 had no basis in fact. You are now trying to cover yourself up by reference to "confidential source of information."

In your letter of February 24 you protest against the reference to the New Republic as an organ of Stalinism. My dear Mr. Bliven, your rotten and cowardly conduct in this case is Stalinism.

Sincerely,  
(signed) James P. Cannon  
National Secretary

SUBSCRIBE NOW TO THE SOCIALIST APPEAL

# Stove Workers Win Sit-Down Victory

### Fight New Cut In Wage Of \$2.50 Weekly; 700 In Jail

HATBORO, Pa.—Despite a brutal attack by vigilantes, armed with tear gas, guns and clubs, C.I.O. workers of the Roberts and Mander Stove Co. won a decisive victory, when, after a five-week sit-down strike, officials of the company agreed to recognize the Steel Workers Organization Committee as the sole bargaining agency for the 800 employees.

The agreement, reached last Saturday, was signed after an unsuccessful attempt by the company to break the strike by ousting the sit-downers, who had occupied the plant since early in February.

As negotiations proceeded within the plant last Wednesday, a crowd, led by the discredited remnants of the old company union and armed with tear gas and guns supplied by the company, attempted to intimidate the strikers into capitulating to the bosses.

When the strikers remained firm in their demands, the mob of 500, protected by over 100 local and state police, bombarded the plant with bricks and tear gas. The workers replied with flint pebbles and the powerful jet of a fire hose, but the fumes of the gas overcame them and police took over the plant.

Spokesmen for the company described the vigilantes as members of the American Federation of Labor Molders Union who desired to go "back to work," but this was denied by E. J. Lever, field director for the S.W.O.C., who pointed out that 702 of the 800 workers employed by the company were members of the C.I.O. union.

Union spokesmen exposed the "back-to-work movement" as a company-fostered plan participated in by the office staff, salesmen, "hired gunmen and vigilantes composed of local businessmen who have always been aligned with the company in its anti-labor policies."

ANTI-WAR MASS-MEETING  
March 18 - 8 P. M.  
MANHATTAN PLAZA  
66 E. 4th St.

# Appeal Army

We are entering the fourth week of the Appeal Drive at a time when it is even more urgent that we have a permanent increase in Appeal circulation. Hitler's coup in Austria, the repercussions of the latest bloody Moscow Trial and the general world situation must be explained and analyzed by Marxists for the benefit of those who do not understand. The Appeal is already filling this need. Now it is your job to make it available to an ever increasing number of readers.

And don't forget the prizes. In next week's Appeal, we will publish the total sub and bundle order increases since the drive was started. Since most branches have failed to send in the names of the comrades who were responsible for getting the subs, we suggest that each branch send in the name of the comrade who got the most subs during the first month of the drive and the prizes for the first month will be awarded on the basis of the figures that the branches send in.

The third week of the drive shows the following increase:

Subs

New York City	15
Minneapolis	5
St. Paul, Minn.	2
Newark, N. J.	5
Paterson, N. J.	1
Detroit, Mich.	2

Total subs for week ending March 11 ..... 38

Bundle Orders

Local, Literature Agent, Increase

Chicago, Ill., Karl Shier	5
Baltimore, Md., Jack Rubin	10
Philadelphia, Pa., Sol Thomas	10
Toronto, Canada, Geo. Keene	15
London, England, Margaret Johns	30

Total increase in bundle orders for week ending March 11 ..... 70

New York, which has always been the butt of criticism because of its inactivity, is waking up. Abe Miller, now in charge of literature, has cooked up all sorts of schemes for pushing the Appeal during and after the drive. Not only has New York started a real sub drive—but Comrade Miller orders literally thousands of Appeals each week for promotional purposes—and pays for them.

One more month to go for doubling the circulation! It's not impossible and it's going to be done even if Karl Shier in Chicago has to do it alone.

### Socialist Appeal

116 University Place  
New York City

I enclose \$..... for which please send me the Socialist Appeal. One year—(\$2.00); Six Months—(\$1.00).

I enclose \$..... as my contribution toward building the Socialist Appeal.

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

Philadelphia, Pa.	1
Newcastle, Pa.	1
Chicago, Ill.	3
Boston, Mass.	1
Azusa, Calif.	1
Canada	1

Total subs for week ending March 11 ..... 38

Bundle Orders